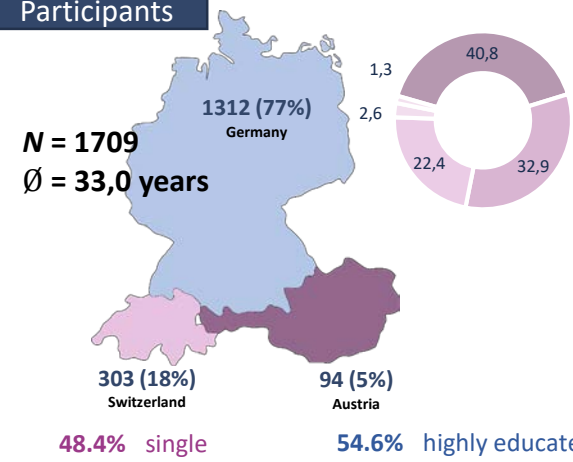


THE IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON TRANSGENDER HEALTH IN GERMAN SPEAKING COUNTRIES

RESULTS OF THE TRANSCARECOVID-19 STUDY (www.transcareCovid-19.com)

Participants



- 40.8% (trans) man
- 32.9% (trans) woman
- 22.4% non-binary
- 2.6% I don't know, I don't have a preference
- 1.3% other
- 8.8% people of color
- 22.6% people with disabilities
- 11.2% religious minorities
- 5.9% sex worker
- 2.5% also intersex
- 48.4% single
- 54.6% highly educated

37.9% are afraid that COVID-19 will affect their access to hormones in the future

10.4% Expect that an appointment for surgery will be cancelled

8.3% An appointment for surgery was canceled

5.1% Aftercare of a recent surgery is affected

Chronic condition 68.3%

21.5% Smoker

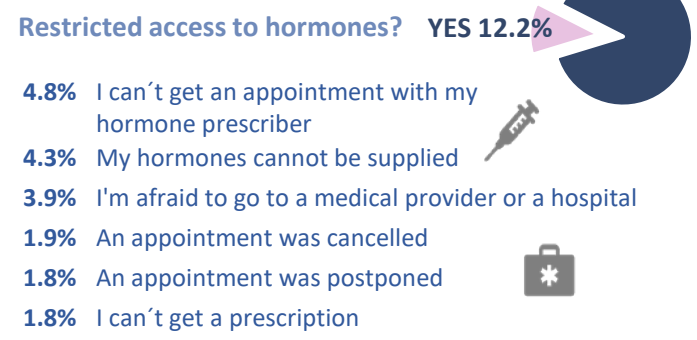
5.6% Currently taking medication that suppresses the immune system

Health Risks

31.9%	Back problems
16.7%	Knee problems
10.1%	Endocrine disorder
9.0%	Asthma
8.7%	Cardiovascular disease
4.2%	Upper respiratory disease
2.8%	Neurological conditions
2.3%	Rheumatoid arthritis
1.9%	Osteoporosis
1.2%	Blood disorder
1.1%	Lung disease
1.1%	COPD
0.8%	HIV
0.8%	Infectious disease



Barriers to healthcare



Access to	restricted?
Medical material that is important after surgery (e.g., vaginal dilators)	2.1%
Binders or packing material	10.3%
Non-medical supplies (e.g., wigs, shaving supplies)	10.4%

Impact of COVID-19 on transgender health care worldwide

- Over 50% of participants had risk factors for severe course of a COVID-19 infection
 - 20% higher risk compared to general population of most OSCE countries
- Participants were at a high risk of avoiding testing or treatment of a COVID-19 infection due to the fear of mistreatment or discrimination
- Access to transgender health care services was restricted due to the COVID-19 pandemic for 50% of the participants.

WE THANK ALL PEOPLE WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE STUDY!

COVID-19: Experiences and Concerns

- 19.5% had contact with a person who was diagnosed with or is suspected to have COVID-19
- 6.4% would avoid COVID-19 testing because of fear of discrimination, even if they had shown COVID-19 symptoms
- 13.2% had avoided COVID-19 testing or care because of fear of discrimination
- 0.2% were diagnosed with COVID-19

